

**CprE 281: Digital Logic**  
**Midterm 1: Friday Sep 21, 2018**

**Student Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Student ID Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Lab Section:** Mon 12-3(P) Tue 11-2(U) Wed 8-11(J) Thur 11-2(Q) Fri 11-2(G)  
(circle one) Tue 2-5(M) Wed 11-2(W) Thur 11-2(V)  
Tue 2-5(Z) Wed 6-9(T) Thur 2-5(L)  
Thur 5-8(K)

**1. True/False Questions (10 x 1p each = 10p)**

- (a) I forgot to write down my name, student ID, and lab section. TRUE / FALSE
- (b) A NOR gate can be built using one AND gate and two NOT gates. TRUE / FALSE
- (c) It is possible to build an AND gate with a 4-to-1 multiplexer. TRUE / FALSE
- (d) A two-input AND requires more transistors than a three-input OR. TRUE / FALSE
- (e) An XOR can be implemented with a 2-to-1 multiplexer and one NOT. TRUE / FALSE
- (f)  $\overline{\overline{x+y}} + \overline{x}y + x\overline{y} + xy = 1$ . TRUE / FALSE
- (g)  $XOR(x, 1) = \overline{x}$  TRUE / FALSE
- (h)  $XOR(XOR(x, 0), 1) = x$  TRUE / FALSE
- (i) A NAND can be implemented with fewer transistors than a NOR. TRUE / FALSE
- (j) Tatooine, Alderaan, and Jedha are all planets in the Star Wars universe. TRUE / FALSE

**2. Three-Variable K-map (5p)**

Draw the K-map and derive the minimum **POS** expression for  $f(a,b,c)=\sum m(0,4,7)+D(6)$ .

**3. Truth Tables ( 3 x 5p each = 15p)**

**(a) Draw the truth table for the Boolean function F that has the following K-Map:**

		YZ			
X		00	01	11	10
	0	0	1	0	0
	1	0	1	1	1

**(b) Prove that  $(x + y) \cdot (x + \bar{y}) = x$  using truth tables.**

**(c) Draw the truth table for the function  $f(a,b,c) = \bar{a}b + a\bar{c} + \bar{a}\bar{b}c$ .**

**4. Number Conversions (5 x 4p each = 20p)**

(a) Convert  $219_{10}$  to binary

(b) Convert  $1101_4$  to decimal

(c) Find the values of the digits  $x$  and  $y$  in the equation:  $XY_5 = 1101_2$

(d) Convert  $851304_9$  to ternary (base 3)

(e) Compute the following sums where all numbers are in base 5:

$$\begin{array}{r} + 43 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} + 142 \\ \hline 13 \end{array}$$

5. Minimization (2 x 5p each = 10p)

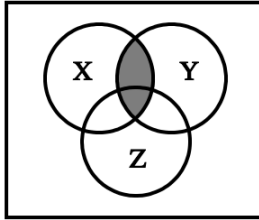
Consider the Boolean function  $f(X, Y, Z) = \overline{\overline{\overline{(Z + Z)} + Y} + X} + \overline{(X + Y)}$

(a) Draw the circuit diagram for this expression using only NOR gates.

(b) Use the theorems of Boolean algebra to simplify the expression from part (a).

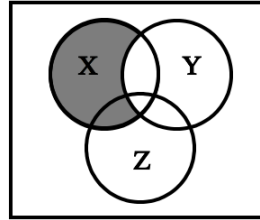
6. Venn Diagrams ( 3 x 5p each = 15p)

(a) Write the expression that is represented by each of the three Venn diagrams:



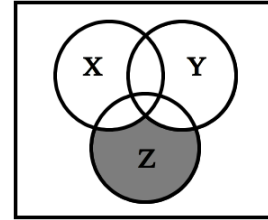
(A)

A =



(B)

B =



(C)

C =

(b) Let  $F(X, Y, Z) = A + B + C$ . Use the expressions that you derived in part (a) to draw the K-map for the Boolean function F. Then use the K-map to derive the minimum-cost SOP expression for F.

(c) Draw the circuit for your expression from part (b). Label all inputs and outputs.

7. Derive the minimum SOP expression using a K-map ( 3 x 5p each = 15p)

(a) Draw the K-map for the following function

$$F(a,b,c,d)=\Sigma m(0, 1, 7, 10, 11) + D(2, 4, 6, 8, 9, 14)$$

(b) Use the K-map to derive the minimum-cost SOP expression for the function F.

(c) Draw the circuit diagram for the minimum expression from part (b).

**8. NAND/NOR Logic ( 2 x 5p each = 10p)**

**(a) Using only NOR gates, draw the logic circuit that corresponds to this K-map:**

		A	
		0	1
B	0	0	1
	1	1	0

**(b) Draw the circuit for  $F(X, Y, Z) = \Pi M (1, 2, 4, 6, 7)$  using only NAND gates.**

9. Seven-Segment Display (3 x 5p each = 15p). The truth table for a Boolean function that converts its 4 binary inputs into a 7-segment display code is given below.

	$x_3$	$x_2$	$x_1$	$x_0$	$a$	$b$	$c$	$d$	$e$	$f$	$g$
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
3	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
5	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
6	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
7	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
8	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1

(a) Derive a minimum-cost SOP expression for the output b.

(b) Derive a minimum-cost POS expression for the output f.

(c) Derive a minimum-cost POS expression for the output g.



**10. Minimization with Theorems (15p)**

Use the theorems of Boolean algebra to simplify the following Boolean function

$$f(x, y, z) = x y \bar{z} (x + y) + \bar{z} (\overline{x + y}) + x (\overline{\overline{x + yz}}) + 1 (z + x \bar{y}) + \overline{\overline{x + z}}$$

<b>Question</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Score</b>
1. True/False	10	
2. Three-variable K-map	5	
3. Truth Tables	15	
4. Number Conversions	20	
5. Minimization	10	
6. Venn Diagrams	15	
7. SOP with K-Map	15	
8. NAND/NOR Logic	10	
9. Seven-Segment Display	15	
10. Minimization	15	
TOTAL:	130	